

CHAPTER 14: REFORM AND RENEWAL IN THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

A.P. European History

FALL 2009

- Signs of Disorder
- Complaints or Disorders
- Clerical Immorality
- Clerical Ignorance
- Clerical Pluralism/Absenteeism
- Efforts at Self Reform
- Ecumenical (Universal) Council
- Martin Luther
- Protestant Reformation
- Salvation
- Ritual
- External Acts
- Faith
- Christ
- Reformation
- Indulgences
- Confession
- Purgatory
- Merciful
- Just
- Ninety-Five Theses on the Power of Indulgences
- Pope
- Scripture
- Bible
- John Eck
- John Hus
- Nationalism
- Protestant
- Tenets of Protestant Thought
- Salvation
- Religious Authority
- What is the Church?
- What is the Highest Form of Christian Life?
- Sacraments
- Baptism
- Penance
- Eucharist
- Transubstantiation
- Consubstantiation
- Memorial
- Resentment
- Poor Quality
- Letters to the Romans
- Printing Press
- Language Skills
- Message
- Translation of the Bible (1523)
- Greed
- Luther's Other Writings
- Appeals to Women
- Charles V
- Hapsburg
- Austrian
- Public
- Political Security
- Calvinism
- John Calvin
- Reform
- Omnipotent
- Free Will
- Predestination
- Elected
- Catechism
- Geneva
- Dissent
- Reformed Church of Calvin

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- Huguenot
- Presbyterian
- Puritan
- The Calling
- Anabaptists
- Inner Light
- Pacifism
- Quakers
- Baptists
- Congregationalists
- Lollards
- William Tyndal
- Henry VIII
- Dispensation
- Catherine
- Pope Clement
- Parliament
- Act in Restraint of Appeals (1533)
- Act for the Submission of Clergy (1534)
- The Supremacy Act (1534)
- House of Commons
- Thomas Cromwell
- Queen Elizabeth
- Puritans
- Scotland
- John Knox
- Presbyters
- Ireland
- Sweden
- Denmark
- Norway
- Catholic Reformation
- Counter-Reformation
- Pope Paul III
- Council of Trent
- Religious Orders
- Sacred Congregation of the Holy Office
- Roman Inquisition